Problem 5.33 The plane boundary defined by z = 0 separates air from a block of iron. If $\mathbf{B}_1 = \hat{\mathbf{x}}4 - \hat{\mathbf{y}}6 + \hat{\mathbf{z}}8$ in air $(z \ge 0)$, find \mathbf{B}_2 in iron $(z \le 0)$, given that $\mu = 5000\mu_0$ for iron.

Solution: From Eq. (5.2),

$$\mathbf{H}_{1} = \frac{\mathbf{B}_{1}}{\mu_{1}} = \frac{1}{\mu_{1}} (\mathbf{\hat{x}}4 - \mathbf{\hat{y}}6 + \mathbf{\hat{z}}8).$$

The *z* component is the normal component to the boundary at z = 0. Therefore, from Eq. (5.79), $B_{2z} = B_{1z} = 8$ while, from Eq. (5.85),

$$H_{2x} = H_{1x} = \frac{1}{\mu_1}4, \qquad H_{2y} = H_{1y} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1}6,$$

or

$$B_{2x} = \mu_2 H_{2x} = \frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} 4, \qquad B_{2y} = \mu_2 H_{2y} = -\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} 6,$$

where $\mu_2/\mu_1 = \mu_r = 5000$. Therefore,

$$\mathbf{B}_2 = \mathbf{\hat{x}} 20000 - \mathbf{\hat{y}} 30000 + \mathbf{\hat{z}} 8.$$